

KENSLEY BLAISE

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Profile: Economist with 5 years of central banking experience and a robust research background in macroeconomic policy. At the Central Bank of Haiti, I developed econometric models to assess the impact of natural hazards on Caribbean economies. I also served as an economist-advisor to the Prime Minister's office, evaluating the effects of nationwide fiscal reforms on tax collection. My current research focuses on digital currencies and their societal applications, alongside constructing and publishing novel historical datasets on labor markets, international aid, and other key macroeconomic variables in Haiti.

RESEARCH FIELDS

Macroeconomics, Finance and Applied Machine Learning.

EDUCATION

- **2020-Present:** Ph.D. in Economics, University of East Anglia (UEA).
Thesis: Four Essays on the Theoretical and Empirical Modelling of Digital Currencies.
Advisors: Peter G. Mofatt, Simone Valente and Andrea Calef.
- **2018:** M.Sc. in Economics, University of East Anglia (UEA). *Awarded with Distinction.*
- **2014:** B.Sc. in Economics, State University of Haiti. *Graduated first out of 400 students.*

CURRENT AND PAST POSITIONS

- **2021-present:** Teaching Assistant, School of Mathematics / School of Economics, UEA.
- **2019-2020:** Economist-Advisor, Office of the Prime Minister, Port-au-Prince, Haiti.
- **2018-2020:** Research Economist, Central Bank of Haiti (Research Unit), Port-au-Prince, Haiti.
- **2014-2017:** Economist, Central Bank of Haiti (International Economy), Port-au-Prince, Haiti.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

- Text Analytics with Python, graduate. Course Leader. School of Economics, UEA. Summer 2024.
- Statistical Learning, undergraduate. Seminar Leader. School of Mathematics, UEA. Spring 2024.
- Macroeconomics, undergraduate. Course Leader. School of Economics, UEA. Spring 2024.
- Mathematics, graduate. Seminar Leader. School of Economics. Autumn 2023.
- Financial Econometrics, graduate. Seminar Leader. School of Economics, UEA. Spring 2023.
- Advanced Macroeconomics, undergraduate. School of Economics, UEA. Spring 2023.

RESEARCH

On the Heterogeneous Impact of Natural Hazards on Household Economic Participation: Evidence from Haiti's 2010 Earthquake. [Draft coming soon.](#)

Volatility on the Cryptocurrency Market: A Copula-GARCH Approach (with P. Moffatt)
[Available draft.](#)

This research investigates whether crypto-currency returns correlate with expected uncertainty related to the global economy or other risky markets. In a first attempt, we use the copula framework to estimate the dependence magnitude between returns on the crypto-currency market, the interest rate spread, the breakeven inflation and the volatility index from the S&P500 options (VIX). Our results show that uncertainty information about future policy and the state of the economy contained in the interest rate spread bears no importance in crypto-currency price fluctuations. However, we find a pattern, although relatively small, for high estimated crypto-currency returns volatility to overlap with low VIX values. On another level, we find evidence that dynamic time series models can improve our understanding of price

fluctuations on the crypto-currency market. We estimate a 5.6 percentage points increase of today's log-returns on the crypto-currency market for each one percentage point increase of yesterday's breakeven inflation. The effect is instantaneous and about 12 percentage points in recent time periods (2020-2022).

A Theoretical Model of Digital Currency Dynamics (With Simone Valente)

[Available slide presentation.](#)

We investigate the role of “private currencies”, also known as “cryptocurrencies”, in the context of a theoretical model. We first construct a static model in which a crypto-currency is to facilitate real transactions. In this environment, households naturally access fiat currencies through their roles as workers and owners of physical capital. The decision to exchange a portion of their fiat currency holdings for cryptos is contingent upon whether crypto-transactions offer advantages, enabling them to bypass costs associated with conventional money-based transactions in the goods market. Preliminary findings suggest that the volume of goods exclusively purchased using traditional money increases with higher crypto fee rates and lower consumption taxes on money payments. Second, we extend the model to study monetary neutrality in a context where both currencies provide liquidity services. Our preliminary results suggest that the neo-classical prediction of non-neutrality holds in such a set-up. The latter result contrasts with the empirical literature providing increasing evidence of co-movement between the emerging crypto market and stabilization policies across the globe.

Information Disclosures and Price Movements: A High-Frequency Identification Approach (with A. Calef and G. Vecchio).

We constructed a cross-sectional dataset comprising filings from 10,000 corporations in the United States, sourced from the Securities Exchange Commission historical archives, to examine how firms' information disclosures affect equity prices. Traditionally, the efficient market hypothesis posits that essential information is inherently reflected in asset prices. Our dataset includes each firm's risk assessment and descriptions of investments, including future strategic decisions. We align this textual data with high-frequency equity prices to assess market absorption of information. Specifically, we investigate price movements in a 30-minute window surrounding report releases. Our preliminary findings indicate that the market effectively predicts financial information related to new projects and strategic investments. However, managerial decisions often surprise the market, leading to a 2.14% price decline when corporations announce layoffs or release deceptive information. Additionally, we observe that information becomes more influential in predicting price movements for companies with lower financial valuation. We interpret this finding as suggesting that higher-valued companies may exhibit greater managerial resilience to changes, thereby reducing market perceptions of risk associated with critical information.

GRANTS AND AWARDS

- **February 2024:** Grant of \$50,000.00 from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) to study effectiveness of microfinance in Haiti. [Published report available here.](#)
- **March 2024:** Received a \$10,000.00 grant from the Central Bank of Haiti to conduct research on using machine learning to predict price inflation in the Caribbean region. PI.
- **June 2024:** Received a \$10,000.00 grant to run a country-wide survey on inflation expectation using professional economists as our population of interest. PI. [Published report available here.](#)
- **December 2023:** Received a \$ 1,000.00 grant from the City University of London to develop Python Modules to build novel datasets on firm level transactions. Co-PI.
- **August 2023:** Received a \$25,000.00 grant from the World Bank to study the impact of extreme weather events on the Caribbean on firm's productivity. Team member.
- **2020:** Full merit-based scholarship for my doctoral studies (Tuition plus stipends). UEA.
- **2018:** £50,00.00 scholarship for my master's degree (Tuition and Stipends). Awarded annually to 3% of individuals worldwide. The British Government (Chevening).
- **2014:** Prize of \$1000 for the best undergraduate student in Economics.

CONFERENCES AND PRESENTATIONS

- 2024: Second Edition of the UEA Time Series Workshop.

- 2023: First Edition of the UEA Time Series Workshop.
- 2022: Warwick Digital Currency Conference.
- 2022: Oxford University's PhD mini-conference (School of Economics Summer School).
- 2022: Barcelona Graduate School of Economics (School of Economics Summer School).

TECHNICAL SKILLS

- **Softwares:** Proficiency in Python, R, Matlab, C++ and Stata.
- **Database:** Compustat, Bloomberg, Datastream and Thomson Refinitiv.
- **Languages:** French (Native), Creole (Native), English (Fluent) and Spanish (working knowledge).